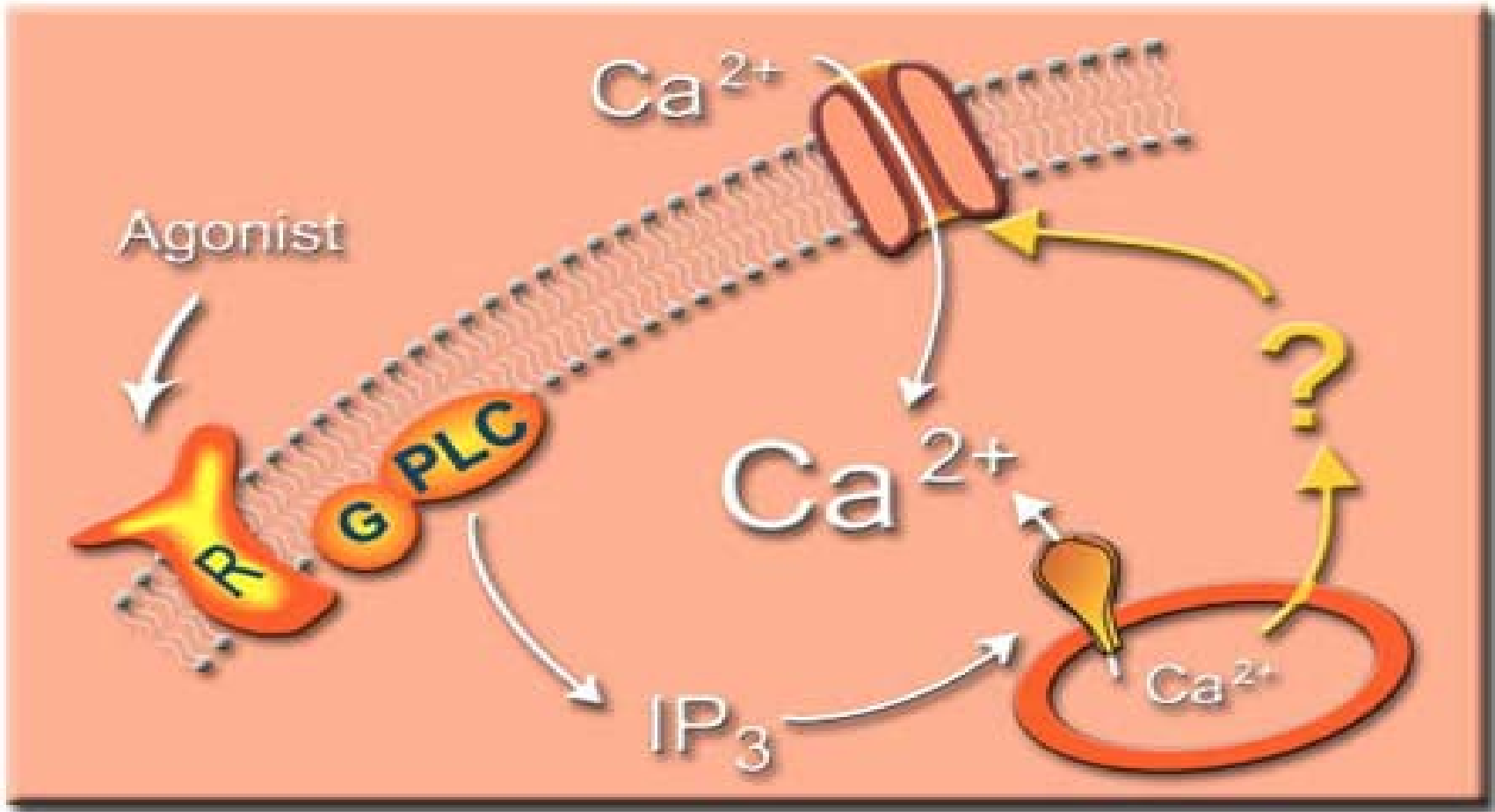


# Boolean Modeling of Serotonin mediated $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ Signaling pathway

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# Calcium Signaling





# Calcium Signaling in neuroscience

- $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  is key secondary messenger in neuronal guidance
- Short term responses such as changes in growth cone guidance, rearrangement of cytoskeleton, neurotransmitter release
- Long term responses: Gene transcription leading to terminal differentiation.

# Altered Calcium Signaling Effects

## Normal Physiological

- Neurotransmitter Release
- Long Term Potentiation
- Long Term Differentiation

## Pathophysiological

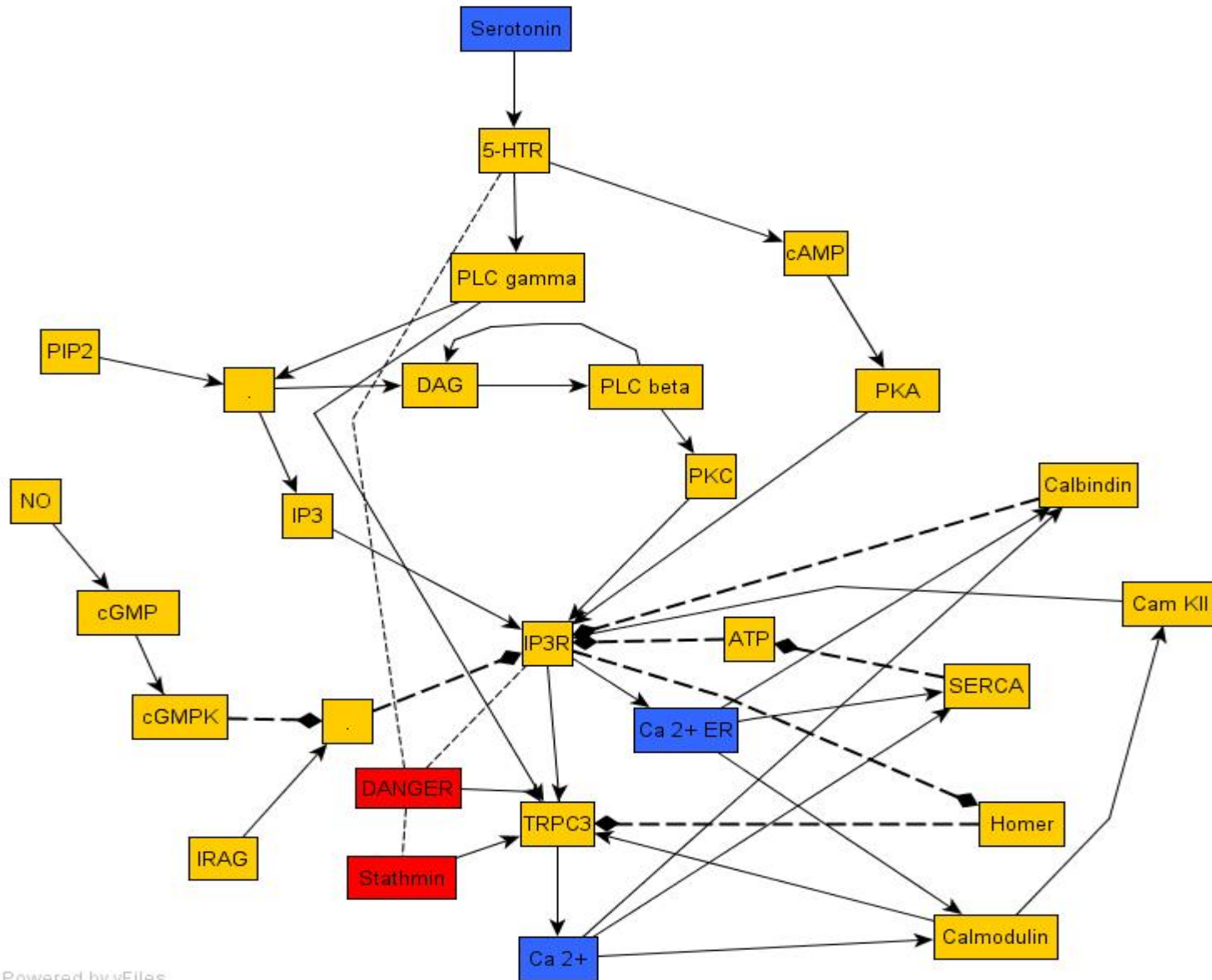
- Epilepsy
- Alzheimer's
- Ataxia



# Serotonin

- 5- hydroxytryptamine is important signal for neuronal development.
- Activates a Calcium signaling cascade similar to Nerve growth factor (NGF)

# Serotonin mediated calcium signaling network





# Network Characteristics

- 26 nodes, 2 process nodes, 42 edges.
- $IP_3R$ , TRPC3 are most connected nodes.
- Feed Forward and Feedback loops show that the process is highly regulated.



# Rules for Boolean Modeling

- **5-HTR\*** = Serotonin
- **PLC $\gamma$ \*** = 5-HTR or DAG
- **cAMP\*** = 5-HTR
- **PKA\*** = cAMP
- **DAG\*** = PIP<sub>2</sub> and (PLC $\beta$  or PLC $\gamma$ )
- **PLC $\beta$ \*** = DAG
- **IP<sub>3</sub>\*** = PIP<sub>2</sub> and (PLC $\beta$  or PLC $\gamma$ )
- **cGMP\*** = NO
- **cGMPK\*** = cGMP
- **PKC\*** = (PLC $\beta$  or PLC $\gamma$ ) and/or (Ca<sup>2+</sup> or Ca<sup>2+</sup>ER)
- **TRPC3\*** = [(IP<sub>3</sub>R and PLC $\gamma$  and CaM) and not HOMER] and Stathmin
- **HOMER\*** = not IP<sub>3</sub>R
- **Ca<sup>2+</sup>\*** = TRPC3
- **CaM\*** = Ca<sup>2+</sup> or Ca<sup>2+</sup>ER
- **Ca<sup>2+</sup>ER\*** = IP<sub>3</sub>R
- **SERCA\*** = Ca<sup>2+</sup> or Ca<sup>2+</sup>ER
- **ATP\*** = not SERCA
- **Calbindin\*** = Ca<sup>2+</sup> or Ca<sup>2+</sup>ER
- **CamkII\*** = Ca<sup>2+</sup> or Ca<sup>2+</sup>ER
- **IP<sub>3</sub>R\*** = (IP<sub>3</sub> and DANGER) or (IP<sub>3</sub> and DANGER and CamkII) or (IRAG and not cGMPK) or (not ATP) or (not Calbindin)
- **DANGER\*** = 5- HTR

# Next?!!

- Boolean Modeling using synchronous and asynchronous update.
- Steps needed to reach steady state.  
(oscillations in this case)
- Can mutant behavior be modeled.  
(DANGER KO, etc.)

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